

PROVINCES OF PAKISTAN

Punjab:



- Punjab (Persian: پنجاب, meaning "*Land of the Five Rivers*") is a region straddling the border between India and Pakistan.
- The "Five Rivers" are Beas, Ravi, Sutlej, Chenab and Jhelum; all these are tributaries of the Indus River, Jhelum being the biggest one.
- Punjab has a long history and rich cultural heritage.
- The people of the Punjab are called Punjabis and their language is also called Punjabi.

- The main religions of the Punjab region are Sikhism, Islam and Hinduism.



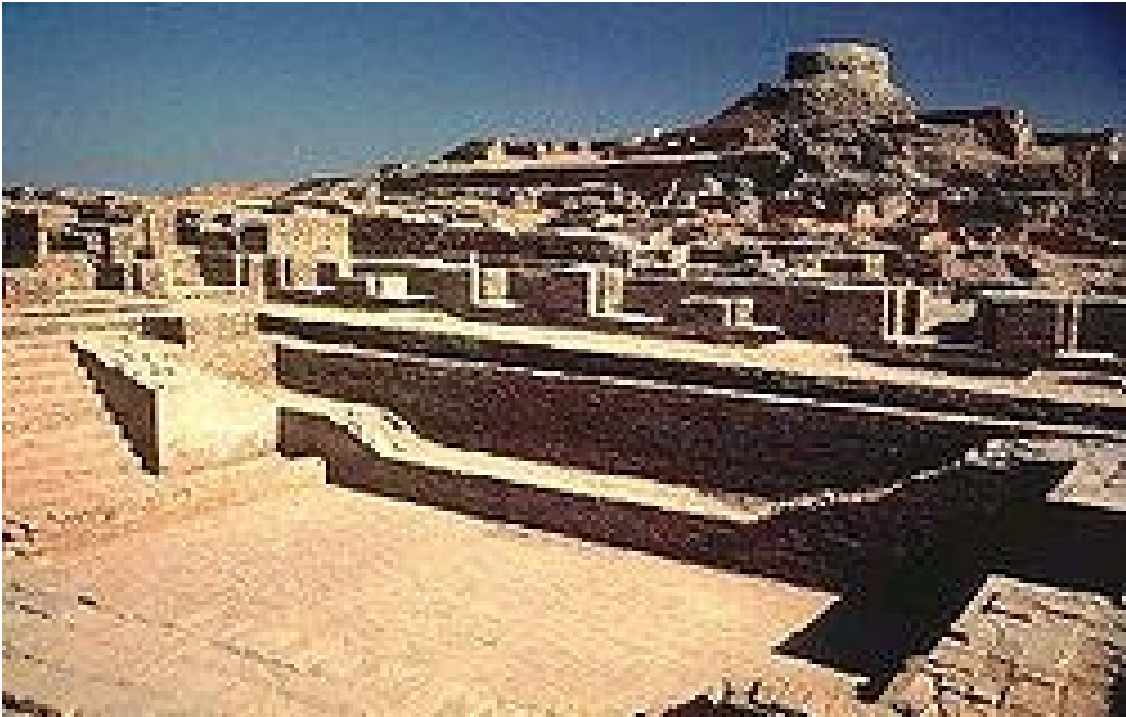
- Most areas in Punjab experience fairly cool winters, often accompanied by rain. By mid-February the temperature begins to rise; springtime weather continues until mid-April, when the summer heat sets in.

Sindh:



- The province of Sindh and the people inhabiting the region had been designated after the Indus River known in Ancient times as the Sindhus River. In Sanskrit, Sindhu means Ocean. However, the importance of the river and close phonetical resemblance in nomenclature would make one consider Sindhu as the probable origin of the name of Sindh.
- Sindhi is spoken by about 15 million people in the province of Sindh.

- Sindh has a rich heritage of traditional handicraft that has evolved over the centuries.



- A subtropical region, Sindh is hot in the summer and cold in winter



Baluchistan:



- Balochistan, or Baluchistan, Pashto, (Balochi, Hazara, Brahui, Sindhi, Urdu: بلوچستان) is a province in Pakistan, the largest in the country by geographical area.
- The economy of the province is largely based upon the production of natural gas, coal and minerals.
- Provincial symbols of Balochistan (Pakistan).



[Provincial bird Of
Balochistan \(Pakistan\)](#)



[Provincial animal Of
Balochistan \(Pakistan\)](#)

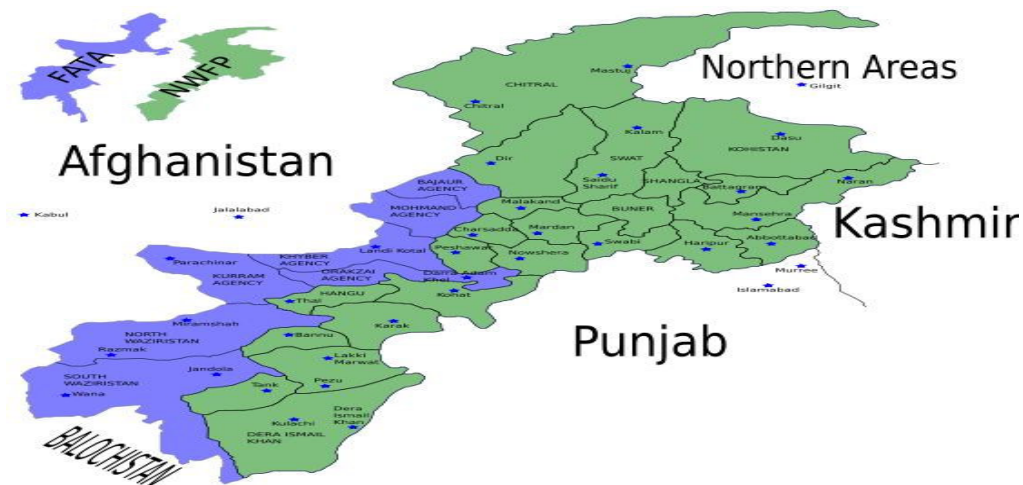


[Provincial tree Of
Balochistan \(Pakistan\)](#)



[Provincial flower Of
Balochistan \(Pakistan\)](#)

NWFP:



- The North-West Frontier Province (NWFP) (Urdu: شمال مغربی سرحدی صوبہ) is the smallest of the four main provinces of Pakistan. The NWFP is home to the majority Pashtuns (locally referred to as Pukhtuns) as well as other smaller ethnic groups.
- After suffering for decades due to the fallout of Soviet Invasion of Afghanistan, today they are again being targeted for totally a reverse situation. Agriculture remains important and the main cash crops include wheat, maize, rice, sugar beets, as well as various fruits are grown in the province.
- Provincial symbols of Sarhad



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